

**IN THE CLAIMS**

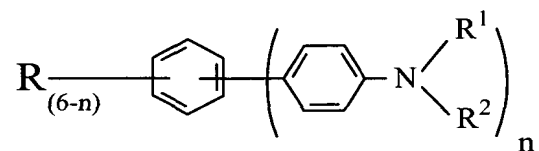
Claims 2-5 (canceled)

1. (Original) A method of depositing a predoped organic light emitting material to form a layer in an organic light-emitting device, comprising the steps of:

(a) providing a homogeneous solid mixture capable of being deposited which includes at least one organic light-emitting host material and at least one luminescent organic dopant material; and

(b) depositing the homogeneous solid mixture to form a layer in an organic light emitting device.

6. (Original) The predoped organic light-emitting material of claim 1 wherein the at least one organic light-emitting host material satisfies the structural formula:



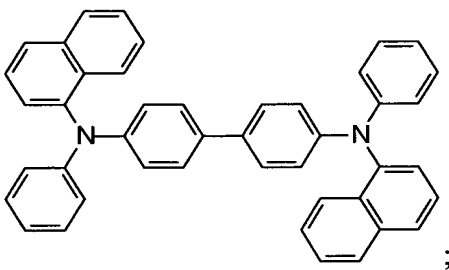
wherein:

n is unequal to 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6;

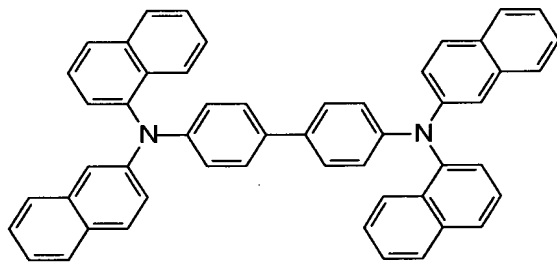
R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are individually aryl or substituted aryl of from 5 to 20 carbon atoms; or heteroaryl or substituted heteroaryl of from 5 to 24 carbon atoms; or fused aryl groups containing from 4 to 12 carbon atoms;

R is selected from group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl of from 1 to 24 carbon atoms.

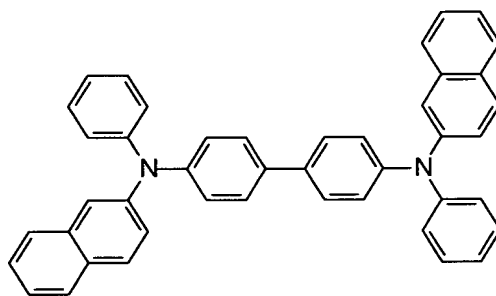
7. (Original) The predoped organic light-emitting material of claim 6 wherein the organic light-emitting host materials are selected from the group consisting of:



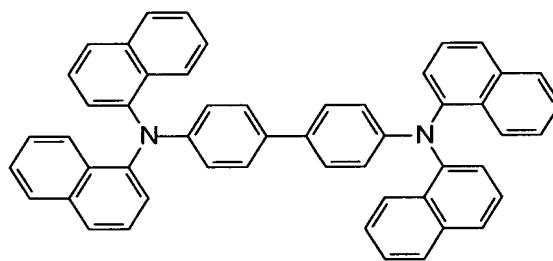
;



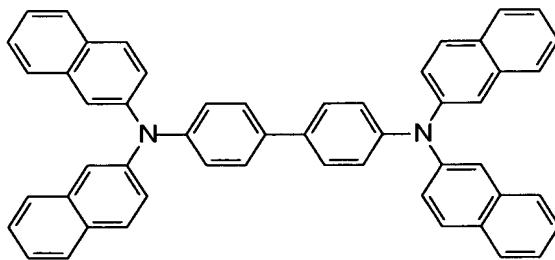
;



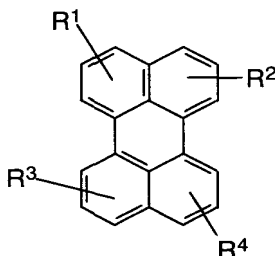
;



; and



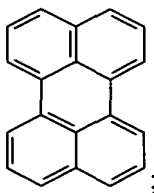
8. (Currently Amended) The predoped organic light-emitting material of claim 4 wherein the at least one organic light-emitting dopant material satisfies the structural formula:

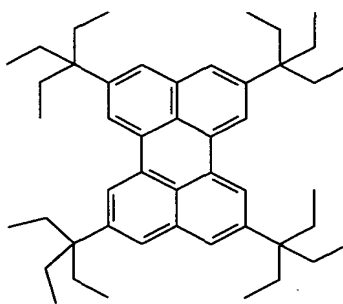
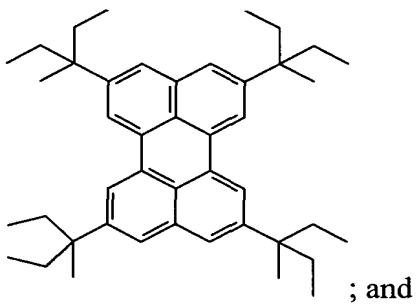
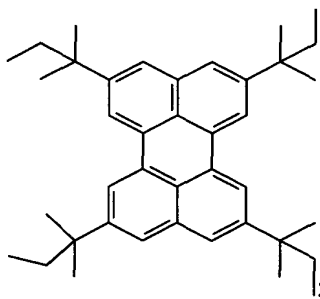
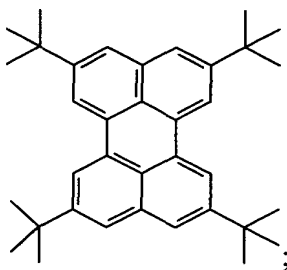


Wherein:

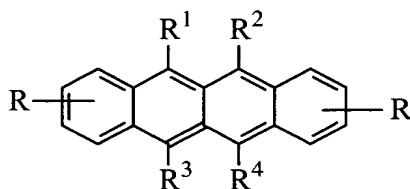
substituents R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each individually hydrogen, or alkyl of from 1 to 24 carbon atoms; alkoxy of from 1 to 24 carbon atoms; aryl or substituted aryl of from 5 to 20 carbon atoms; or heteroaryl or substituted heteroaryl of from 5 to 24 carbon atoms; or fused aryl groups containing from 4 to 12 carbon atoms; or fluorine, chlorine, bromine; or a cyano group.

9. (Original) The predoped organic light-emitting material of claim 8 wherein the organic light-emitting dopant materials are selected from the group consisting of:





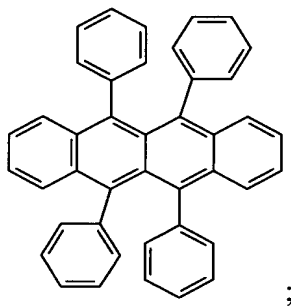
10. (Currently Amended) The predoped organic light-emitting material of claim 4 6 wherein at least one organic light-emitting dopant material satisfies the structural:



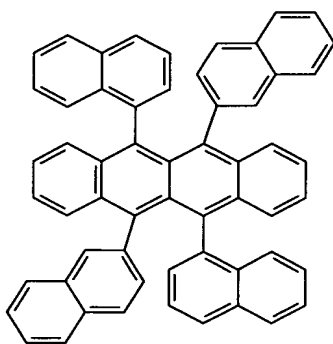
Wherein:

substituents R is each individually hydrogen, or alkyl of from 1 to 24 carbon atoms; alkoxy of from 1 to 24 carbon atoms; R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each individually aryl or substituted aryl of from 5 to 20 carbon atoms; or heteroaryl or substituted heteroaryl of from 5 to 24 carbon atoms; or fused aryl groups containing from 4 to 12 carbon atoms.

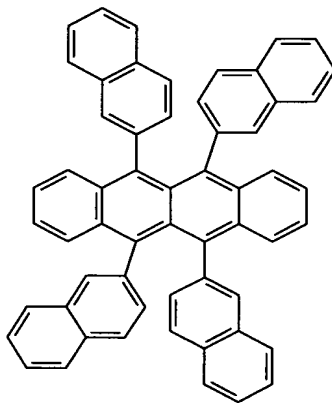
11. (Original) The predoped organic light-emitting material of claim 10 wherein the organic light-emitting dopant materials are selected from the group consisting of:



;



; and



Claims 12—28 (canceled).

29. (New) The predoped organic light-emitting material of claim 6 wherein the wherein the homogeneous solid mixture includes 95 to 99.5 mole percent of organic light-emitting host material and 0.5 to 5 mole percent of light-emitting dopant materials.

30. (New) The predoped organic light-emitting material of claim 6 wherein the wherein the homogeneous solid mixture includes 90 to 99 mole percent of organic light-emitting host material and 1 to 10 mole percent of light-emitting dopant materials.